CITY OF ROLLINGWOOD, TEXAS

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016





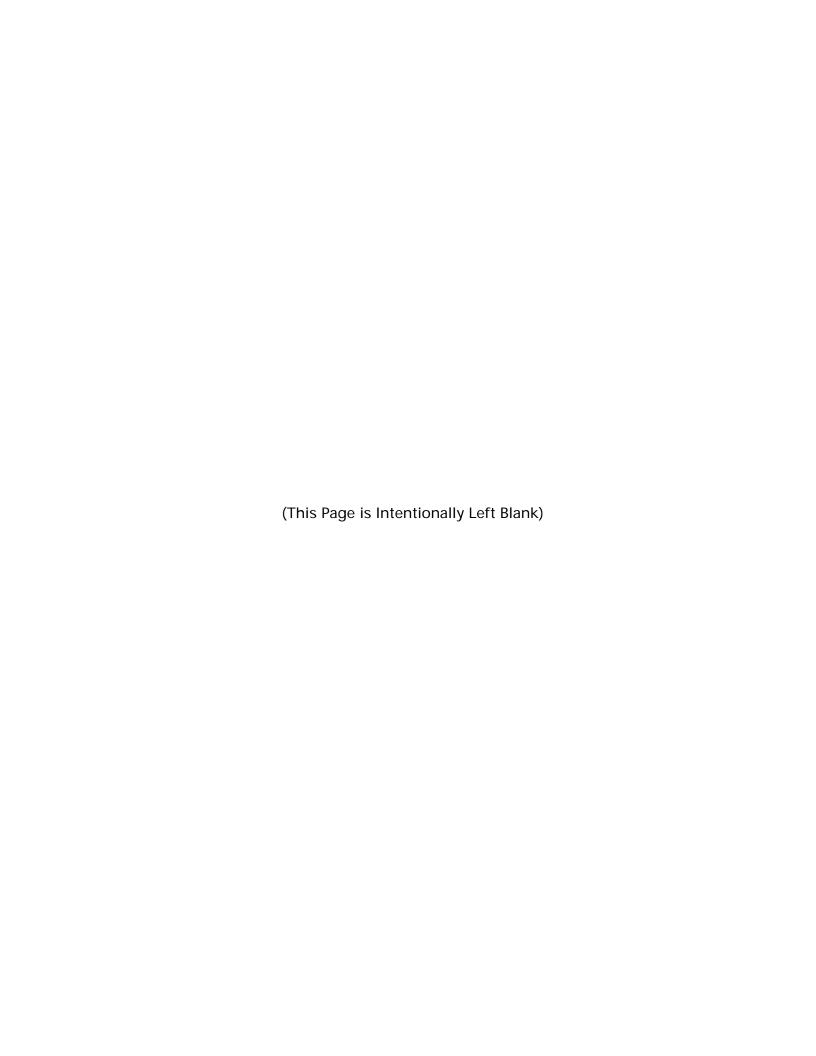


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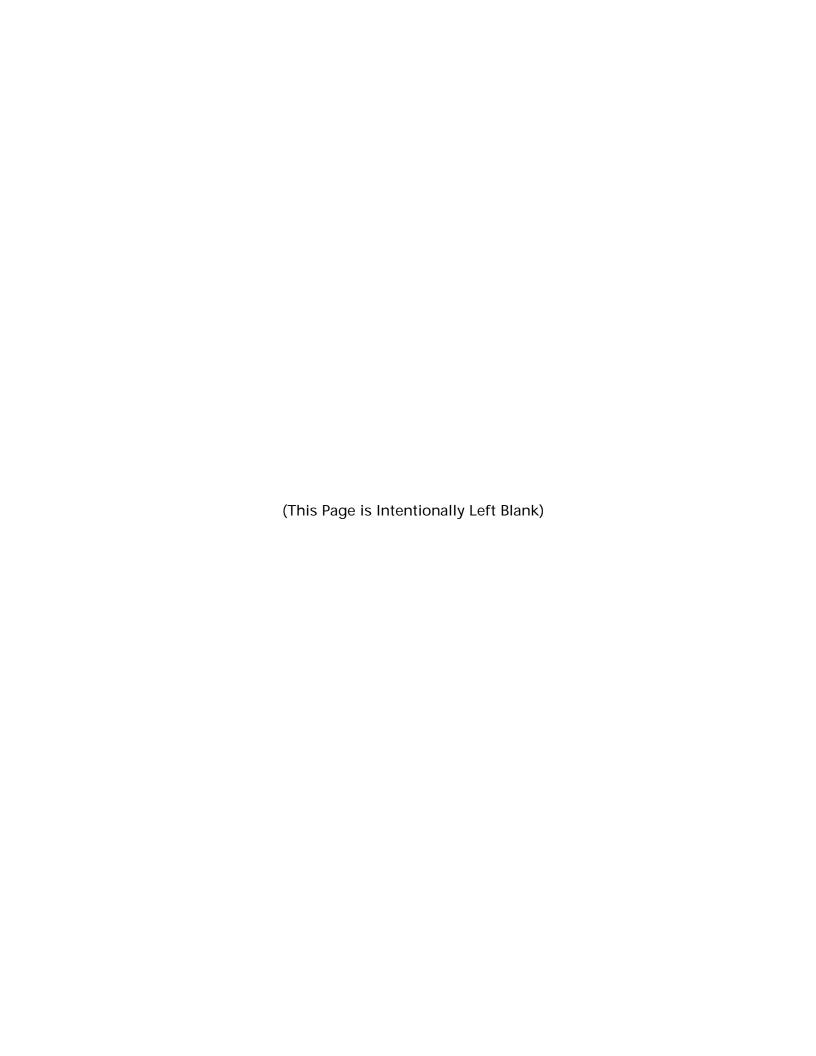
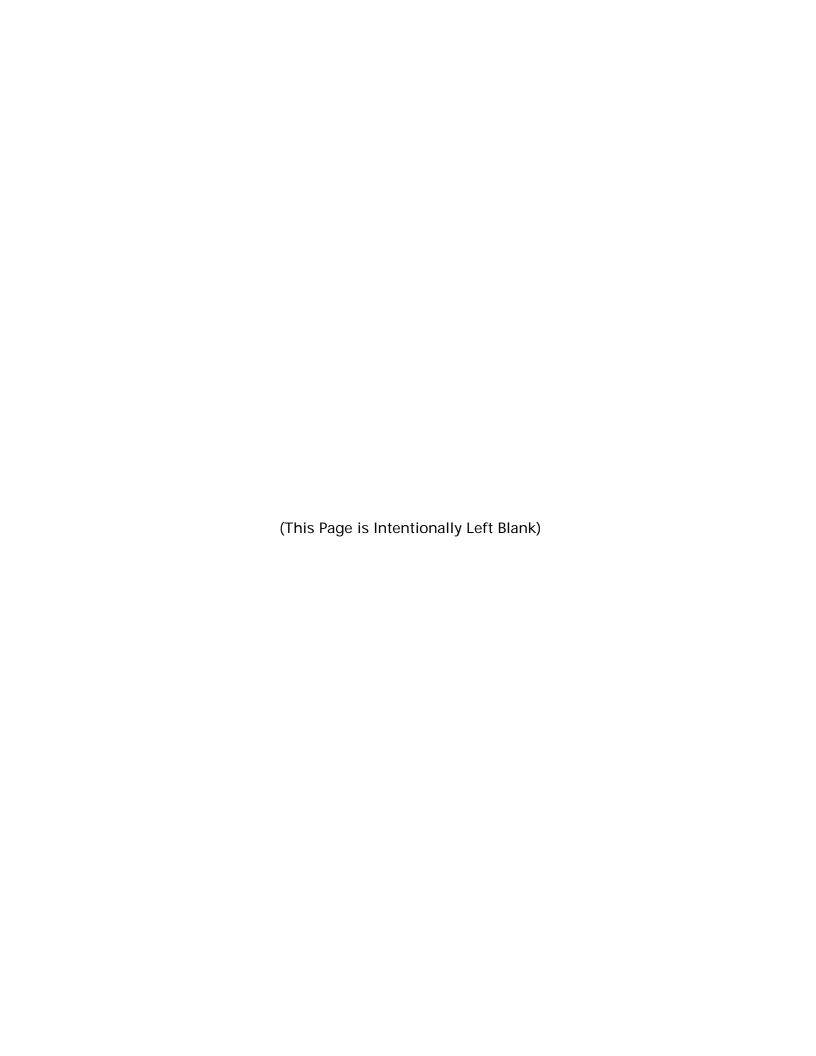
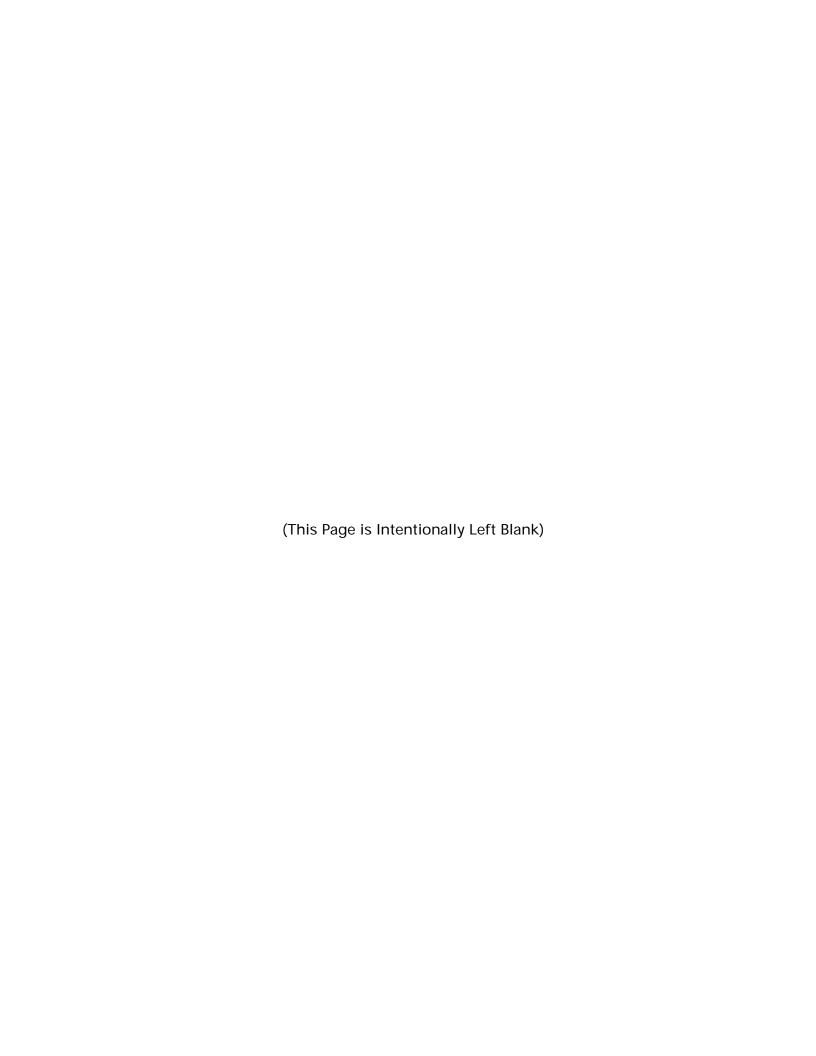


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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of the City Council City of Rollingwood, Texas 403 Nixon Drive Rollingwood, Texas 78746

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Rollingwood, Texas, (the City) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatements of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Rollingwood, Texas, as of September 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in net pension liability (asset) and related ratios, and schedule of contributions as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Rollingwood, Texas' basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

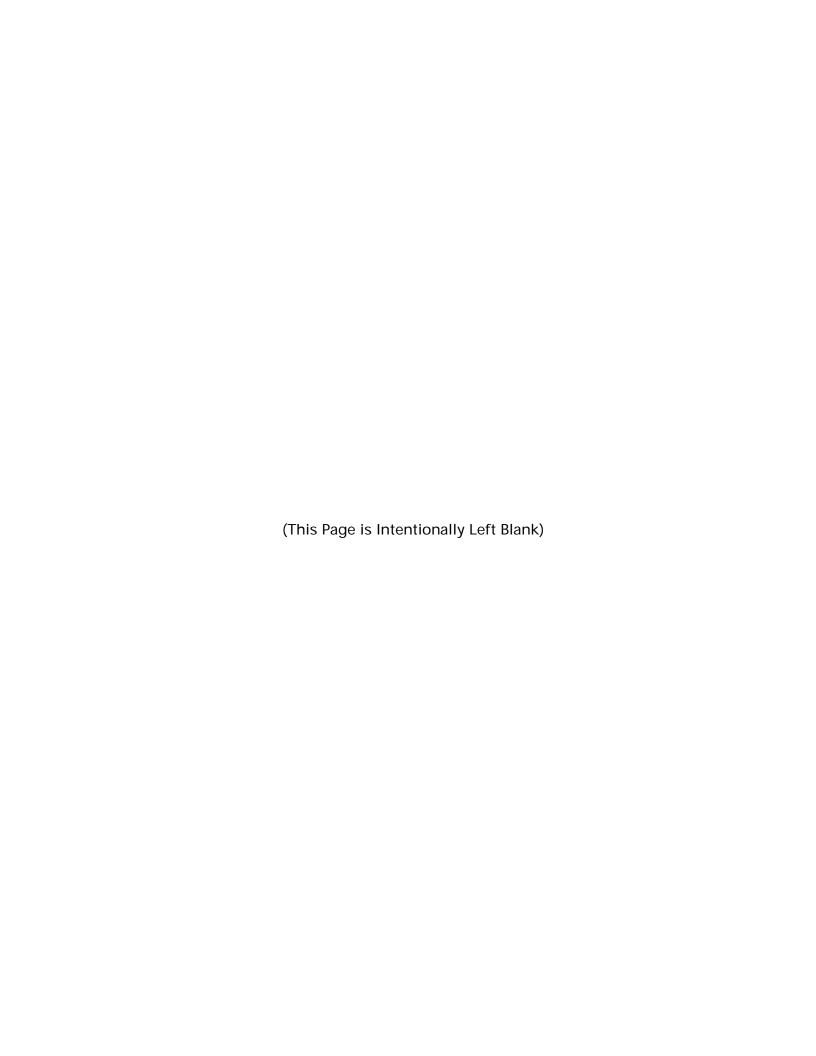
Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 18, 2017, on our consideration of the City of Rollingwood, Texas' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Rollingwood, Texas' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Certified Public Accountants San Antonio, Texas

ABIP, PC

January 18, 2017



CITY OF ROLLINGWOOD, TEXAS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

As management of the City of Rollingwood, Texas (the City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at September 30, 2016 by \$3,607,188. Of this amount \$1,086,222 (unrestricted net position), may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City's total cost of all City activities was \$4,427,183 for the fiscal year. The net expense after charges for services and operating contributions was \$2,343,981.
- During the year, the City's general fund expenses exceeded revenue by \$129,141.
- At September 30, 2016 the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1,118,419, a net decrease of \$96,389.
- At September 30, 2016 the unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$1,053,392 or 15% of total General Fund expenditures.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of four components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, (3) component unit financial statements, and (4) notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

<u>Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> – The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (i.e. uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through their user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public works, sanitation, public safety, court, parks and recreation, and streets. The business-type activities of the City include water and wastewater.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the primary government) but also the component unit of Rollingwood Community Development Corporation, Inc.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> – A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental and proprietary, and utilize different accounting approaches.

<u>Governmental Funds</u> – Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources available for current spending, as well as on balances of resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintained eight (8) individual governmental funds during the 2016 fiscal year. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the general fund and debt service fund which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other six (6) governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of the nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. Schedules of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances – budget and actual (GAAP basis) have been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with the appropriated budget.

The City maintains only one type of proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses the enterprise fund to account for its water and wastewater utility services.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in a more detailed format. The City has two major proprietary funds. They are the water fund and the wastewater fund. Separate financial statements are presented for the major funds.

<u>Notes to the Financial Statements</u> – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

<u>Other Information</u> - The combining statements referred to earlier as the City's nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$3,607,188 (net position). Of this amount, \$1,086,222 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

The largest portion of the City's net position (68%) reflects its net investment in capital assets (i.e., land, buildings, infrastructure, machinery and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the City's net position (2%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

NET POSITION

	GOVERNMENT	AL ACTIVITIES	BUSINESS-TY	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES		TAL
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015
<u>ASSETS</u>						
Current and Other Assets	\$ 1,285,230	\$ 1,390,976	\$ 354,727	\$ 258,563	\$ 1,639,957	\$ 1,649,539
Capital Assets	2,981,755	3,059,007	14,063,667	14,513,406	17,045,422	17,572,413
Total Assets	4,266,985	4,449,983	14,418,394	14,771,969	18,685,379	19,221,952
Deferred Outflows of						
Resources - TMRS	185,510	80,903	58,582	25,548	244,092	106,451
<u>LIABILITIES</u>						
Current Liabilities	267,001	315,971	647,677	523,827	914,678	839,798
Long-Term Liabilities	1,978,746	1,913,944	12,428,859	12,823,627	14,407,605	14,737,571
Total Liabilities	2,245,747	2,229,915	13,076,536	13,347,454	15,322,283	15,577,369
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in						
Capital Assets	1,074,056	1,073,138	1,381,883	1,498,559	2,455,939	2,571,697
Restricted	65,027	32,275	-	-	65,027	32,275
Unrestricted	1,067,665	1,195,558	18,557	(48,496)	1,086,222	1,147,062
Total Net Position	\$ 2,206,748	\$ 2,300,971	\$ 1,400,440	\$ 1,450,063	\$ 3,607,188	\$ 3,751,034

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, for the primary government as a whole.

Governmental Activities - Governmental activities decreased the City's net position by \$135,654.

A key element is as follows:

• Public Safety increased by \$89,282.

Business-Type Activities - Business-type activities decreased the City's net position by \$75,198.

The following table indicates changes in net position for the governmental and business-type activities for the City as of September 30, 2016.

CHANGE IN NET POSITION

	GOVERNMENT	TAL ACTIVITIES	BUSINESS-TYF	PE ACTIVITIES	TOTAL		
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	
REVENUES							
Program Revenues							
Charges for Services	\$ 339,394	\$ 339,991	\$ 1,720,408	\$ 1,432,209	\$ 2,059,802	\$ 1,772,200	
Capital Contributions	-	48,626	=	-	-	48,626	
Operating Contributions	23,400	-	-	-	23,400	-	
General Revenues							
Property Taxes	1,373,901	1,236,221	-	-	1,373,901	1,236,221	
Sales Taxes	556,775	543,978	-	-	556,775	543,978	
Franchise Taxes	178,550	175,040	-	-	178,550	175,040	
Unrestricted Investment							
Earnings	1,021	239	1,109	318	2,130	557	
Other Income	20,355	6,292	1,418	3,349	21,773	9,641	
Total Revenues	2,493,396	2,350,387	1,722,935	1,435,876	4,216,331	3,786,263	
<u>EXPENSES</u>							
General Government	689,040	600,739	-	-	689,040	600,739	
Public Works	30,500	17,880	-	-	30,500	17,880	
Sanitation	133,736	132,411	-	-	133,736	132,411	
Public Safety	875,993	786,711	-	-	875,993	786,711	
Court	115,539	94,865	-	-	115,539	94,865	
Parks & Recreation	86,542	66,562	-	-	86,542	66,562	
Streets	79,487	52,601	-	-	79,487	52,601	
Bond Issue Costs	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Interest	58,678	68,098	-	-	58,678	14,697	
Water	-	-	1,111,855	1,036,530	1,111,855	1,036,530	
Wastewater			1,245,813	1,214,712	1,245,813	1,214,712	
Total Expenses	2,069,515	1,819,867	2,357,668	2,251,242	4,427,183	4,017,708	
Increase in Net Position							
before Transfers	423,881	530,520	(634,733)	(815,366)	(210,852)	(231,445)	
TDANICTEDC	(EEO E2E)	(470 212)	EE0 E2E	470 212			
TRANSFERS	(559,535)	(472,313)	559,535	472,313		_	
Change in Net Position	(135,654)	58,207	(75,198)	(343,053)	(210,852)	(231,445)	
Net Position - Beginning, as Restated	2,342,402	2,242,764	1,475,638	1,793,116	3,818,040	4,035,880	
Net Position - Ending	\$ 2,206,748	\$ 2,300,971	\$ 1,400,440	\$ 1,450,063	\$ 3,607,188	\$ 3,804,435	

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

<u>Governmental Funds</u> – The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1,118,419, a decrease of \$96,389 from the prior year. This decrease is due primarily to an increase in public safety expenses.

Approximately 94% of this total amount, \$1,053,392, constitutes fund balance which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder fund balance of \$65,027 or 6% is non-spendable or restricted as to use.

The City's general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance was \$1,053,392. The unassigned fund balance represents 15% of total general fund expenditures. The fund balance of the City's general fund decreased by \$129,141 during the current fiscal year.

<u>Proprietary Funds</u> - The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the proprietary funds at the end of the current fiscal year amounted to \$18,557. The total decrease for the funds was \$75,198 due mainly to depreciation expense.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

<u>General Fund</u> – Actual fiscal year expenditures in the general fund were \$35,976 less than the final budgeted amounts or appropriations. The major between the original and final budget was:

• \$52,633 – budget increase for a police vehicle, handheld radios, and body cameras.

The fiscal year 2016 budget was amended from the original budget adopted by Council.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

<u>Capital Assets</u> - The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2016 amounted to \$17,045,422 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, vehicles, machinery and equipment, infrastructure and construction in progress. The net decrease in the City's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 3% due mainly to depreciation.

The following table shows capital asset activity for the 2016 fiscal year with comparison for 2015. If more detailed information is desired on the City's capital asset activity, please refer to Note 4 as presented in the notes to the financial statements.

	GOVERNMENT	AL ACTIVITIES	BUSINESS-TY	PE ACTIVITIES	TOTAL		
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	
Capital Assets-Not Depreciated							
Land	\$ 321,438	\$ 321,438	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 321,438	\$ 321,438	
Construction in Progress							
Total Capital Assets -							
Not Depreciated	321,438	321,438			321,438	321,438	
Capital Assets-Depreciated							
Buildings and Improvements	721,038	721,038	-	-	721,038	721,038	
Equipment	753,120	707,004	91,640	91,640	844,760	798,644	
Infrastructure	2,215,866	2,215,866	16,794,453	16,794,453	19,010,319	19,010,319	
Total Capital Assets -							
Depreciated	3,690,024	3,643,908	16,886,093	16,886,093	20,576,117	20,530,001	
Less: Accumulated Depreciation							
Buildings and Improvements	(179,739)	(163,331)	-	-	(179,739)	(163,331)	
Equipment	(546,764)	(526,172)	(61,351)	(55,393)	(608,115)	(581,565)	
Infrastructure	(303,204)	(216,836)	(2,761,075)	(2,317,294)	(3,064,279)	(2,534,130)	
Total Accumulated							
Depreciation	(1,029,707)	(906,339)	(2,822,426)	(2,372,687)	(3,852,133)	(3,279,026)	
Total Capital Assets - Net	\$ 2,981,755	\$ 3,059,007	\$ 14,063,667	\$ 14,513,406	\$ 17,045,422	\$ 17,572,413	

<u>Long-Term Debt</u> – At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total bonded debt outstanding of \$14,300,000. Additional information on debt may be found in Note 9 of this report as presented in the notes to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

- The City of Rollingwood's tax base continues to see growth.
- During the 2016-2017 fiscal year, further development is expected on the property near the MoPac and Bee Caves Road intersection with a 128,953 square foot office building planned for that site.
- Currently there are 75 active permits for residential construction or remodeling in the City and an additional 11 commercial permits are in various stages of processing.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

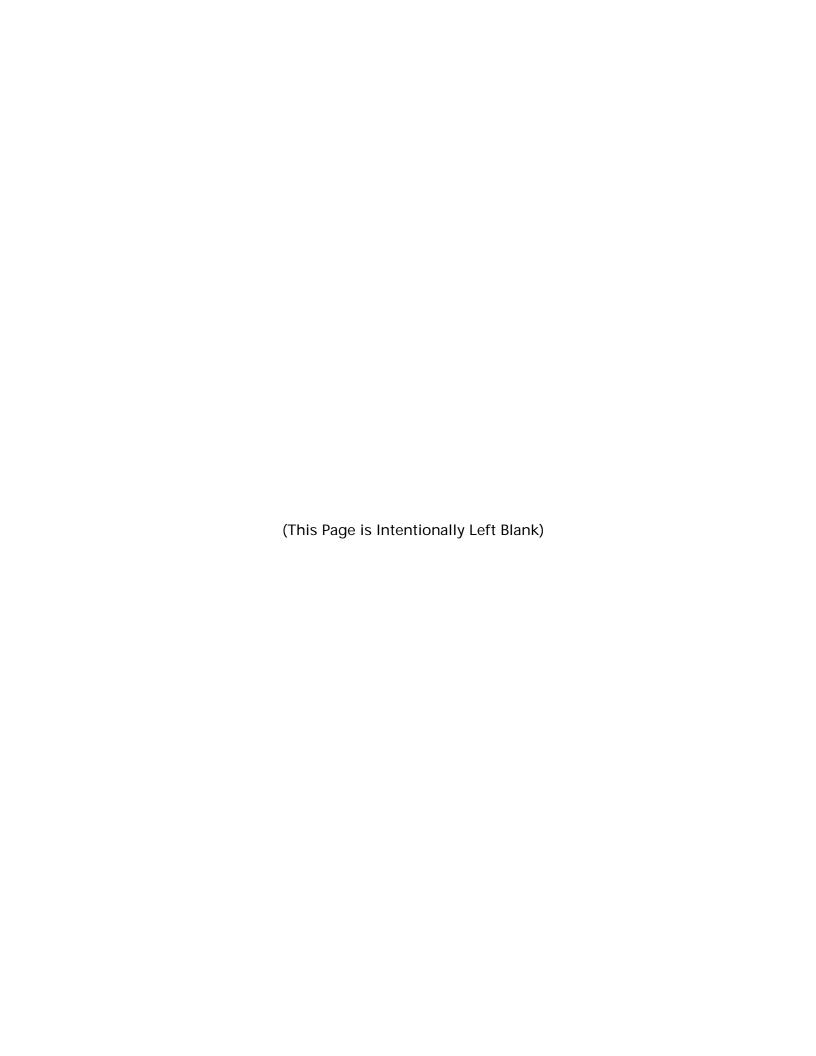
This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the City Administrator, 403 Nixon Drive, Rollingwood, Texas 78746.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements include integrated sets of financial statements as required by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The sets of statements include:

- Government-Wide Financial Statements
- Fund Financial Statements
 - o Governmental Funds
 - o Proprietary Funds

In addition, the notes to the financial statements are included to provide information that is essential to a user's understanding of the basic financial statements.



CITY OF ROLLINGWOOD, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	GOVERNMENTAL	PRIMARY GOV BUSINESS-TYPE		COMPONENT	
	ACTIVITIES	ACTIVITIES	TOTAL	UNIT	
<u>ASSETS</u>					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,216,546	\$ 78,824	\$ 1,295,370	\$ 210,055	
Accounts Receivable-Net of Allowances					
for Uncollectibles:					
Property Taxes	19,992	-	19,992	-	
Other	48,692	160,181	208,873	9,474	
Restricted Cash	-	115,722	115,722	-	
Capital Assets:					
Land	321,438	-	321,438	-	
Buildings	541,299	-	541,299	_	
Water System-Plant	-	3,015,286	3,015,286	-	
Wastewater System	-	10,902,805	10,902,805	-	
Wastewater System-Connections	-	115,287	115,287	-	
Equipment	206,356	30,289	236,645	-	
Infrastructure	1,912,662	<u> </u>	1,912,662		
TOTAL ASSETS	4,266,985	14,418,394	18,685,379	219,529	
					
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES - TMRS	185,510	58,582	244,092		
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable	73,870	128,761	202,631	-	
Accrued Interest Payable	10,321	71,573	81,894	-	
Accrued Expenses	22,120	8,984	31,104	-	
Unearned Revenue	50,829	13,702	64,531	-	
Compensated Absences	37,936	10,860	48,796		
Noncurrent Liabilities:					
Payable from Restricted Assets -					
Customer Deposits	-	115,722	115,722	-	
Net Pension Liability	142,972	45,150	188,122	_	
Due Within One Year	71,925	298,075	370,000	-	
Due in More Than One Year	1,835,774	12,383,709	14,219,483		
TOTAL LIABILITIES	2,245,747	13,076,536	15,322,283		
NET POSITION					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	1,074,056	1,381,883	2,455,939	-	
Restricted for:					
Debt Service	(208)	-	(208)		
Street Maintenance	49,921	-	49,921	-	
Municipal Court	18,042	-	18,042	-	
Drainage Projects	(3,376)	-	(3,376)		
Police Department	648	-	648	-	
Unrestricted Net Position	1,067,665	18,557	1,086,222	219,529	
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 2,206,748	\$ 1,400,440	3,607,188	\$ 219,529	

CITY OF ROLLINGWOOD, TEXAS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

			PROGRAM REVENUES				
FUNCTIONS AND PROGRAMS	EXPENSES		CHARGES FOR SERVICES			ERATING TRIBUTIONS	
Dulmanna Carramana antal Astinitia							
Primary Governmental Activities General Government	\$	(689,040)	\$	80,106	\$	23,400	
Public Works	Ф	• • •	Ф		Ф	23,400	
Sanitation		(30,500) (133,736)		168,453		_	
		(875,993)		_		_	
Public Safety Court		(115,539)		- 61,915		_	
Parks & Recreation		(86,542)		28,920		_	
Streets		(79,487)		20,920		_	
Interest Expense		(58,678)		_		_	
interest expense		(30,070)		<u> </u>	-	<u>=</u>	
Total Primary Governmental							
Activities	_	(2,069,515)		339,394		23,400	
<u>Business-Type Activities</u>							
Water		(1,111,855)		871,716		-	
Wastewater	_	(1,245,813)		848,692			
Total Business-Type Activities		(2,357,668)		1,720,408			
Primary Government	\$	(4,427,183)	\$	2,059,802	\$	23,400	
				<u></u>			
Component Unit							
Rollingwood Community Development Corporation	\$	(106,400)	\$	-	\$	_	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	(::::/:::0)	-		<u>-</u>		

General Revenues

Taxes:

Property Taxes

Sales Taxes

Franchise Tax and Telecommunication Fees

Interest

Miscellaneous Revenue

Transfers

Total General Revenues

Change in Net Position

Net Position at Beginning of Year Restatement of Net Position

Beginning Net Position of Year, as Restated

Net Position at End of Year

NET (EXPENSE)	REVENUE	AND	CHANGES	IN	NFT	POSITION
INC I LEVI CINDE						

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	GOVERNMENT TOTAL	COMPONENT UNIT		
\$ (585,534) 137,953 (133,736) (875,993) (53,624) (57,622) (79,487) (58,678)	\$ - - - - - - -	\$ (585,534) 137,953 (133,736) (875,993) (53,624) (57,622) (79,487) (58,678)			
(1,706,721)		(1,706,721)			
	(240,139) (397,121)	(240,139) (397,121)			
	(637,260)	(637,260)			
(1,706,721)	(637,260)	(2,343,981)			
			\$ (106,400)		
1,373,901 556,775 178,550 1,021 20,355 (559,535) 1,571,067	- 1,109 1,418 559,535 562,062	1,373,901 556,775 178,550 2,130 21,773 - 2,133,129	109,973 - 352 - - 110,325		
(135,654)	(75,198)	(210,852)	3,925		
2,300,971 41,431 2,342,402	1,450,063 25,575 1,475,638	3,751,034 67,006 3,818,040	215,604 - 215,604		
\$ 2,206,748	\$ 1,400,440	\$ 3,607,188	\$ 219,529		

CITY OF ROLLINGWOOD, TEXAS BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	GENERAL FUND	DEBT SERVICE FUND	OTHER NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
<u>ASSETS</u>				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,128,302	\$ -	\$ 88,244	\$ 1,216,546
Taxes Receivables, Net	11,257	8,735	-	19,992
Sales Tax Receivable	39,306	-	9,386	48,692
Due from Other Funds	208		3,376	3,584
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,179,073	\$ 8,735	\$ 101,006	\$ 1,288,814
LIABILITIES				
Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	\$ 73,478	\$ -	\$ 392	\$ 73,870
Accrued Liabilities	22,120	-	-	22,120
Due to Other Funds	-	208	3,376	3,584
Unearned Revenue	18,826		32,003	50,829
Total Liabilities	114,424	208	35,771	150,403
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unearned Revenue - Property Taxes	11,257	8,735	<u> </u>	19,992
FUND BALANCES				
Restricted for Debt Service	-	(208)	-	(208)
Restricted for Street Maintenance	-	-	49,921	49,921
Restricted for Municipal Court	-	-	18,042	18,042
Restricted for Drainage Projects	-	-	(3,376)	(3,376)
Restricted for Police Department	-	-	648	648
Unassigned	1,053,392		<u>-</u>	1,053,392
Total Fund Balances	1,053,392	(208)	65,235	1,118,419
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS				
OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 1,179,073	\$ 8,735	\$ 101,006	\$ 1,288,814

CITY OF ROLLINGWOOD, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

TOTAL FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 1,118,419
Amounts reported in Governmental Funds and in the	
Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial	
resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	2,981,755
Property taxes receivable unavailable to pay current expenses	
are deferred in the funds.	19,992
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and bond premiums are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore, not	
reported in the funds.	(1,945,635)
Accrued interest payable on long-term bonds are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, not reported in	
the funds.	(10,321)
Recognition of the City's net pension liability and the changes in	42 E20
deferred outflows related to TMRS.	 42,538

TOTAL NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

\$ 2,206,748

CITY OF ROLLINGWOOD, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

		GENERAL FUND	DE	BT SERVICE FUND		OTHER IONMAJOR /ERNMENTAL FUNDS	GO\	TOTAL /ERNMENTAL FUNDS
<u>REVENUES</u>				_		_		
Taxes:								
Property Taxes	\$	779,729	\$	593,286	\$	-	\$	1,373,015
Sales Taxes		446,772		_		110,003		556,775
Franchise and Telecommunications Fees		178,550		_		-		178,550
Licenses and Fees		194,439		_		4,451		198,890
Fines and Forfeitures		57,464		_		-		57,464
Contributions		103,440		_		-		103,440
Other Income		23,330		25		-		23,355
Interest		1,017		4				1,021
Total Revenues		1,784,741		593,315		114,454		2,492,510
EXPENDITURES								
General Government		627,361		_		_		627,361
Public Works		27,752		_		_		27,752
Sanitation		121,689		_		_		121,689
Public Safety		785,466		_		1,834		787,300
Court		104,792		_		-		104,792
Parks & Recreation		78,588		_		_		78,588
Streets		69,099		_		3,376		72,475
Capital Projects		67,705		_		4,495		72,200
Debt Service		•				•		•
Principal		_		71,925		_		71,925
Interest and Fees		-		65,282		_		65,282
Total Expenditures		1,882,452		137,207		9,705		2,029,364
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)	-	.,,,		,				
Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(97,711)		456,108		104,749		463,146
-		(**,***,*		,		,		,
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers In		68,570		265,628		-		334,198
Transfers Out		(100,000)	-	(725,163)	-	(68,570)	-	(893,733)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(31,430)		(459,535)		(68,570)		(559,535)
Net Change in Fund Balances		(129,141)		(3,427)		36,179		(96,389)
Fund Balance-Beginning of Year		1,141,102		3,219		29,056		1,173,377
Restatement of Beginning Fund Balance		41,431						41,431
Fund Balance, as Restated		1,182,533				29,056		1,211,589
Total Fund Balance-End of Year	\$	1,053,392	\$	(208)	\$	65,235	\$	1,118,419

CITY OF ROLLINGWOOD, TEXAS RECONCILIATON OF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO CHANGE IN STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ (96,389)
Amounts reported in Governmental Funds and in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets are capitalized.	72,200
Capital assets are not recorded in government funds and therefore are not depreciated. However, in the Statement of Activities these assets are depreciated over their estimated useful lives. This is the	(100.040)
amount of 2016 depreciation.	(139,019)
Revenues that are deferred in governmental activities because they do not provide current financial resources are not deferred in the Statement of Activities. This is the change in deferred from the	
prior year.	886
The repayment of long-term debt (i.e. bonds, premiums) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while neither	
transaction has any effect on net position.	71,925
The change in net pension asset and deferred outflows related to City's TMRS pension asset.	(47,797)
Certain expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not	
reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
(compensated absences, interest expense)	 2,540
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ (135,654)

CITY OF ROLLINGWOOD, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION ENTERPRISE FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	ENTERPF	TOTAL		
	WATER	WASTEWATER	ENTERPRISE	
	FUND	FUND	FUNDS	
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ -	\$ 78,824	\$ 78,824	
Accounts Receivable, Net	82,776	77,405	160,181	
Due from Other Funds		413,446	413,446	
Total Current Assets	82,776	569,675	652,451	
NONCURRENT ASSETS				
Restricted Assets:				
Cash	115,722	-	115,722	
Capital Assets, Net:				
Water System-Plant	3,015,286	-	3,015,286	
Wastewater System	-	10,902,805	10,902,805	
Wastewater System-Connections	-	115,287	115,287	
Equipment	935	29,354	30,289	
Total Noncurrent Assets	3,131,943	11,047,446	14,179,389	
TOTAL ASSETS	3,214,719	11,617,121	14,831,840	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES - TMRS	29,291	29,291	58,582	
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	84,197	44,564	128,761	
Accrued Interest Payable	4,911	66,662	71,573	
Accrued Expenses	4,547	4,437	8,984	
Due to Other Funds	413,446	-	413,446	
Unearned Revenue	-	13,702	13,702	
Current Portion of Long-Term Liabilities:				
Bond Payable	33,075	265,000	298,075	
Total Current Liabilities	540,176	394,365	934,541	
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES				
Compensated Absences	5,430	5,430	10,860	
Bonds Payable	795,375	11,405,000	12,200,375	
Bond Premiums	48,815	134,519	183,334	
Net Pension Liability	22,575	22,575	45,150	
Deposits Payable from Restricted Assets	<u>115,722</u>		115,722	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	987,917	11,567,524	12,555,441	
Total Liabilities	1,528,093	11,961,889	13,489,982	
NET POSITION				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	2,138,956	(757,073)	1,381,883	
Unrestricted Net Position	(423,039)	441,596	18,557	
Total Net Position	\$ 1,715,917	\$ (315,477)	\$ 1,400,440	

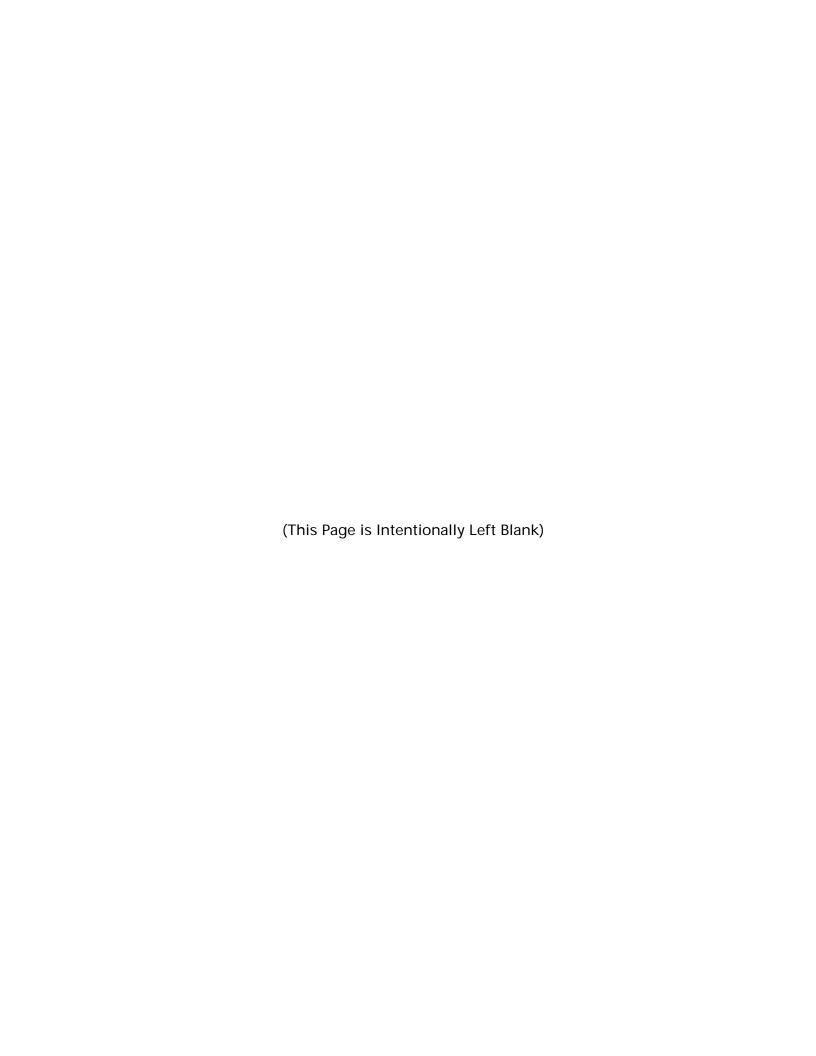
CITY OF ROLLINGWOOD, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION ENTERPRISE FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	ENTERP	TOTAL		
	WATER	WASTEWATER	ENTERPRISE	
	FUND	FUND	FUNDS	
OPERATING REVENUES				
Charges for Sales and Services:				
Water Sales	\$ 871,716	\$ -	\$ 871,716	
Wastewater Revenues	-	745,743	745,743	
Wastewater Surcharge	-	98,154	98,154	
Industrial Waste Surcharges	<u> </u>	4,795	4,795	
Total Operating Revenues	871,716	848,692	1,720,408	
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Water Purchased	625,935	_	625,935	
Wastewater Fees	-	259,006	259,006	
Personnel Services	152,310	151,639	303,949	
Repairs and Maintenance	34,050	34,180	68,230	
System Operation	25,470	8,487	33,957	
Contract Services	115,579	82,370	197,949	
Depreciation and Amortization Expense	131,914	317,825	449,739	
Total Operating Expenses	1,085,258	853,507	1,938,765	
Operating Income (Loss)	(213,542)	(4,815)	(218,357)	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Interest Expense	(26,597)	(392,306)	(418,903)	
Other Nonoperating Income	1,418	-	1,418	
Investment Earnings	197	912	1,109	
Total NonOperating Revenues	(24,982)	(391,394)	(416,376)	
<u>TRANSFERS</u>				
Transfers In	62,543	662,620	725,163	
Transfers Out	<u> </u>	(165,628)	(165,628)	
Net Transfers	62,543	496,992	559,535	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(175,981)	100,783	(75,198)	
NET POSITION AT BEGINNING OF YEAR, AS RESTATED	1,891,898	(416,260)	1,475,638	
NET POSITION AT END OF YEAR	\$ 1,715,917	\$ (315,477)	\$ 1,400,440	

CITY OF ROLLINGWOOD, TEXAS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	ENTERPRISE FUNDS					
	WATER		WASTEWATER		TOTAL	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Cash Received from Customers	\$ 93	4,198	\$	879,637	\$	1,813,835
Cash Paid to Employees for Services	(14	2,240)		(141,679)		(283,919)
Cash Paid to Suppliers for Goods and Services	(77	4,706)		(780,878)		(1,555,584)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in)						
Operating Activities	1	7,252		(42,920)		(25,668)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Principal Paid on Bonded Debt	(3	5,946)		(297,117)		(333,063)
Nonoperating Income	· ·	1,418		-		1,418
Interest Paid on Bond and Debt	(2	(6,597)		(393,581)		(420,178)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Capital						
and Related Financing Activities	(6	1,125)		(690,698)		(751,823)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Transfers from Other Funds	6	2,543		662,620		725,163
Transfers to Other Funds				(165,628)		(165,628)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Noncapital						
Financing Activities	6	2,543		496,992		559,535
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Interest Received		197		912		1,109
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash						
and Cash Equivalents	1	8,867		(235,714)		(216,847)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING	9	6,855		314,538		1,106,274
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - ENDING	<u>\$ 11</u>	5,722	\$	78,824	\$	889,427
RESTRICTED	\$ 11	5,722				
UNRESTRICTED						
	<u>\$ 11</u>	5,722				

	ENTERPRISE FUNDS						
		WATER		WASTEWATER		TOTAL	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET		_		_			
CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES							
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(213,542)	\$	(4,815)	\$	(218,357)	
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating							
Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities							
Depreciation		131,914		317,825		449,739	
Changes in Assets and Liabilities							
Decrease (Increase) in Assets							
Accounts Receivable		43,615		17,243		60,858	
Net Pension Liability		7,547		7,547		15,094	
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities							
Accounts Payable		(10,271)		16,611		6,340	
Accrued Expenses		2,523		2,413		4,936	
Due to Other Funds		36,599		(413,446)		(376,847)	
Deferred Revenue		-		13,702		13,702	
Customer Deposits		18,867		<u> </u>		18,867	
						_	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN)						_	
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	17,252	\$	(42,920)	\$	(25,668)	



CITY OF ROLLINGWOOD, TEXAS NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Rollingwood, Texas ("the City"), are presented in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to state and local governmental units as set forth by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB). A summary of the City's significant accounting policies consistently applied in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements follows:

A. Reporting Entity

The City, for financial purposes, includes all of the activities and funds relevant to the operations of the City of Rollingwood. The City evaluated whether any other entity should be included in these financial statements. The criteria for including organizations as component units within the City's reporting entity, as set forth in GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," include whether:

- The organization is legally separate (can sue and be sued in its name)
- The City holds the corporate powers of the organization
- The City appoints a voting majority of the organization's board
- The City is able to impose its will on the organization
- The organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the City
- There is fiscal dependency by the organization on the City
- The exclusion of the organization would result in misleading or incomplete financial statements

The City also evaluated each legally separate, tax-exempt organization whose resources are used principally to provide support to the City to determine if its omission from the reporting entity would result in financial statements which are misleading or incomplete. GASB Statement No. 14 requires inclusion of such an organization as a component unit when:

- The economic resources received or held by the organization are entirely for the direct benefit of the City, its component units or its constituents; and
- The City or its component units is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, a majority of the economic resources received or held by the organization; and
- Such economic resources are significant to the City.

Based on these criteria, the City has one component unit as described below. Additionally, the City is not a component unit of any other reporting entity as defined by the GASB Statement.

Rollingwood Community Development Corporation ("RCDC") is a non-profit corporation organized under the laws of the State of Texas to provide economic development in and for the benefit of the City. The RCDC is presented discretely in the annual financial report as a governmental-type because the City appoints the board of directors and approves the annual budget.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-Wide Financial Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities include the financial activities of the overall government except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other nonexchange transactions.

CITY OF ROLLINGWOOD, TEXAS NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The City does not allocate indirect expenses in the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds, with separate statements presented for each fund category. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund: This is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the City except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Debt Service Fund: This fund is used to account for ad valorem tax assessed for the purpose of servicing general obligation debt.

In addition, the City reports the following fund types:

Special Revenue Funds: These funds are used to separately account for funds related to grants and contracts.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

Water Fund: This fund is used to account for the activities of the City's water operations.

Wastewater Fund: This fund is used to account for the activities of the City's wastewater operations.

C. <u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation</u>

Government-wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements: These financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the City gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

CITY OF ROLLINGWOOD, TEXAS NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Governmental Fund Financial Statements: Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The City considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year end. Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property and sales taxes. Property tax revenues and sales tax revenues are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

When the City incurs an expenditure or expense for which both restricted and unrestricted resources may be used, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources.

D. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, highly liquid investments are considered to be cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

E. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the Fiduciary Net Position of the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) and additions to/deductions from TMRS's Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TMRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

CITY OF ROLLINGWOOD, TEXAS NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

F. <u>Receivables and Payables</u>

The City believes that sufficient detail of receivable and payable balances is provided in the financial statements to avoid the obscuring of significant components by aggregation. Therefore, no disclosure is provided which disaggregates those balances.

There are no significant receivables which are not scheduled for collection within one year of the year end.

G. Compensated Absences

On retirement or death of certain employees, the City pays accrued vacation leave in a lump sum payment to such employee or his/her estate. Vacation may accrue up to 20 days.

H. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the use of management's estimates.

I. Fund Balance

The City adopted GASB No. 54. Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 54 (GASB No. 54) Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. The statement provides guidance for fund balance categories and classifications and governmental fund type definitions. GASB No. 54 changed the way we look at cash balances, specifically reporting what cash balances, by major governmental fund type, are or are not available for public purposes. Five categories of cash balances were created and defined by GASB No. 54. These five categories are as follows:

- Non-spendable These funds are not available for expenditures based on legal or contractual requirements. An example might be inventories and prepaid expenditures.
- Restricted These funds are governed by externally enforceable restrictions.
- Committed Fund balances in this category are limited by the government's highest level of decision making (in this case the City Council). Any changes of this designation must be done in the same manner that it was implemented. For example, if funds are committed by resolution, the commitment could only be released with another resolution.
- Assigned For funds to be assigned, there must be an intended use which can be established by the City Council or an official delegated by the council, such as a city administrator or finance director. For example, during the budget process, the council decided to use some existing fund balance to support activities in the upcoming year.
- Unassigned This classification is the default for all funds that do not fit into the other categories.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

I. Fund Balance (Continued)

Restricted amounts are considered to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available. The City's policy is to apply expenditures against non-spendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year.

J. Discretely Presented Component Unit

The component unit column on the government-wide financial statements includes the financial data of the City's component unit, Rollingwood Community Development Corporation ("RCDC").

The component unit is presented in a separate column to emphasize that it is legally separate from the primary government. Financial statements are presented in the supplementary information section of the statements. RCDC contributed \$103,400 to the City to be used for capital improvements.

NOTE 2: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The City's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the City's agent bank approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect City funds on a day to day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

A. Cash Deposits

At September 30, 2016, the carrying amount of the City's deposits (cash, certificates of deposit, and interest-bearing savings accounts included in temporary investments) was \$903,155 and the bank balance was \$939,658.

The City's cash deposits at September 30, 2016, and during the year ended September 30, 2016, were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the City's agent bank in the City's name.

The component unit's cash carrying balance was \$90,335 with a bank balance of \$80,656 which is entirely collateralized by the FDIC. The amount in TexPool was \$119,720 at September 30, 2016.

B. <u>Investments</u>

The City is required by Government Code Chapter 2256, The Public Funds Investment Act, to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must be written; primarily emphasize safety of principal and liquidity; address investment diversification, yield, and maturity and the quality and capability of investment management; and include a list of the types of authorized investments in which the investing entity's funds may be invested; and the maximum allowable stated maturity of any individual investment owned by the entity.

NOTE 2: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

B. Investments (Continued)

The Act determines the types of investments which are allowable for the City. These include, with certain restrictions:

- Obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas
- Certificates of deposit
- Certain municipal securities
- Money market savings accounts
- Repurchase agreements
- Bankers acceptances
- Mutual funds
- Investment pools
- Guaranteed investment contracts
- Common trust funds

The City's cash and investments are shown below:

	RE	PORTED AT	WEIGHTED AVERAGE	RATI	NG
INVESTMENT TYPE	F	AIR VALUE	MATURITY (YEARS)	MOODY'S	S&P
TexPool	\$	507,437	n/a	AAA	AAAm
Cash on Hand Bank Deposits		500 903,155	n/a n/a	n/a n/a	n/a n/a
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,411,092			
Unrestricted Restricted	\$	1,295,370 115,722			
	\$	1,411,092			

Analysis of Specific Deposit and Investment Risks:

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the City was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year end, and if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

Credit Risk - Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. State law dictates that in order to maintain eligibility to receive funds and invest funds on behalf of the City, an investment pool must be continuously rated no lower than AAA or AAA-m or at an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized statistical rating organization (NRSRO). State law authorizes investments in obligations guaranteed

NOTE 2: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

B. <u>Investments (Continued)</u>

by the U.S. government and does not require that these investments be rated. The City's policy is to comply with state law. At year end, all of the City's investments meet the State's requirements.

At September 30, 2016 the City's investments are rated as to credit quality as shown in the preceding table.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the City's name.

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State law requires settlement of all transactions, except investment pool funds and mutual funds, on a delivery versus payment basis. The City's investment policy requires that securities be registered in the name of the City. All safekeeping receipts for investment instruments are held in accounts in the City's name, and all securities are registered in the name of the City.

The City was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk - Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer.

State law and the City's policy place no limit on the amount the City may invest in any one issuer. The City was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk - This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City manages its investment time horizons by averaging investment maturities and chooses to present its exposure to interest rate changes using the weighted average maturity method. In accordance with its investment policy and state law, the City manages its interest rate risk by limiting the weighted average maturity of any investment owned by the City to the maximum of two years. The investment strategy for operating funds requires a dollar weighted average maturity of 365 days or less. Debt service funds cannot be invested in securities that have a stated final maturity date that exceeds the debt service payment date. Investment of debt service reserve funds and special project funds require high quality securities with short-term maturities. Eligible investment pools must have a weighted average maturity of no greater than 90 days. The City's exposure to interest rate risk at September 30, 2016 is summarized in the preceding table as the weighted average days to maturity.

Foreign Currency Risk - This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the City was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

NOTE 3: PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to the property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period.

NOTE 3: PROPERTY TAXES (CONTINUED)

Allowances for uncollectible tax receivables within the General Fund is based upon historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the City is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

NOTE 4: CAPITAL ASSETS

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of the donation. The cost of the normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. A capitalization threshold of \$2,500 is used.

Capital assets are being depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

ASSET	YEARS
Infrastructure	25
Buildings	40
Equipment	3-25
Sewer Line Connections	33

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NOTE 4: CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2016 was as follows:

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:

	BALANCI SEPTEMBER	30,		BALANCE SEPTEMBER 30,
	2015	ADDITIONS	DISPOSALS	2016
Capital Assets not being Depreciated -				
Land	\$ 321,	438 \$ -	<u> </u>	\$ 321,438
Capital Assets being Depreciated -				
Buildings and Improvements	721,0	D38 -	-	721,038
Equipment	707,0	72,200	(26,084)	753,120
Infrastructure	2,215,	366		2,215,866
Total Capital Assets being				
Depreciated	3,643,	72,200	(26,084)	3,690,024
Less Accumulated Depreciation -				
Buildings and Improvements	(163,	331) (16,408)	-	(179,739)
Equipment	(526,	172) (36,243)	15,651	(546,764)
Infrastructure	(216,	336) (86,368)		(303,204)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(906,	339) (139,019)	15,651	(1,029,707)
Total Capital Assets being				
Depreciated - Net	2,737,	<u>(66,819)</u>	(10,433)	2,660,317
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES CAPITAL ASSETS - NET	\$ 3,059,	007 \$ (66,819)	\$ (10,433)	\$ 2,981,755
OAITIAL ASSETS INCT	Ψ 3,037,	$\frac{\varphi}{\varphi}$ (00,017)	ψ (10, 1 33)	Ψ 2,701,733

Depreciation was charged to functions as follows:

General Government	\$ 46,220
Public Works	2,045
Sanitation	8,965
Public Safety	62,857
Court	8,052
Parks and Recreation	5,790
Streets	5,090
Total	\$ 139,019

NOTE 4: CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:

	BALANCE SEPTEMBER 30, 2015	ADDITIONS	ADDITIONS DISPOSALS	
Assets Not Being Depreciated -				
Construction In Progress	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Assets Depreciated -				
Water System - Plant	4,337,745	-	_	4,337,745
Wastewater System	12,283,781	-	-	12,283,781
Wastewater System - Connections	172,927	-	-	172,927
Equipment - Water	29,678	-	_	29,678
Equipment - Wastewater	61,962			61,962
Total Capital Assets being				
Depreciated - Net	16,886,093			16,886,093
<u>Less Accumulated Depreciation</u> -				
Water System - Plant	(1,191,013)	(131,446)	_	(1,322,459)
Wastewater System	(1,073,881)	(307,095)	_	(1,380,976)
Wastewater System - Connections	(52,400)	(5,240)	_	(57,640)
Equipment - Water	(28,275)	(468)	_	(28,743)
Equipment - Wastewater	(27,118)	(5,490)		(32,608)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(2,372,687)	(449,739)		(2,822,426)
Total Capital Assets being				
Depreciated - Net	14,513,406	(449,739)		14,063,667
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES				
CAPITAL ASSETS - NET	\$ 14,513,406	<u>\$ (449,739)</u>	\$ -	\$ 14,063,667

NOTE 5: INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

Interfund balances at September 30, 2016 consist of the following:

RECEIVABLE FUND	PAYABLE FUND	PURPOSE	 AMOUNT
General Fund	Debt Service		\$ 208
Wastewater Fund	Water Fund		413,446
Street Fund	Drainage Fund		 3,376
			\$ 417,030

NOTE 5: INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS (CONTINUED)

Interfund transfers during the year ended September 30, 2016 were the result of normal transactions between the funds and consisted of the following:

	Transfers In		Transfers Out	
General Fund	\$	68,570	\$	100,000
Debt Service Fund		265,628		725,163
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		-		68,570
Water Fund		62,543		-
Wastewater Fund		662,620		165,628
Totals	\$	1,059,361	\$	1,059,361

NOTE 6: RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION/FUND BALANCE

In fiscal year 2016, the City corrected retainage payable expenses recorded in a prior year.

The effect on the beginning net position is as follows:

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	GENERAL FUND	WATER FUND
Net Position/Fund Balance, beginning, as previously reported Retainage Payable	\$ 2,300,971 41,431	\$ 1,450,063 25,575	\$ 1,141,102 41,431	\$ 1,866,323 25,575
Net Position/Fund Balance, beginning, as restated	\$ 2,342,402	\$ 1,475,638	\$ 1,182,533	\$ 1,891,898

NOTE 7: EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

A. Plan Description

The City of Rollingwood participates as one of 866 plans in the nontraditional, joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit pension plan administered by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS). TMRS is an agency created by the State of Texas and administered in accordance with the TMRS Act, Subtitle G, Title 8, Texas Government Code (the TMRS Act) as an agent multiple-employer retirement system for municipal employees in the State of Texas. The TMRS Act places the general administration and management of the System with a six-member Board of Trustees. Although the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoints the Board, TMRS is not fiscally dependent on the State of Texas. TMRS's defined benefit pension plan is a tax-qualified plan under Section 401 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code. TMRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that can be obtained at www.tmrs.com.

All eligible employees of the City are required to participate in TMRS.

NOTE 7: RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

B. Benefits Provided

TMRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the city, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS.

At retirement, the benefit is calculated as if the sum of the employee's contributions, with interest, and the City-financed monetary credits with interest were used to purchase an annuity. Members may choose to receive their retirement benefit in one of seven payments options. Members may also choose to receive a portion of their benefit as a Partial Lump Sum Distribution in an amount equal to 12, 24, or 36 monthly payments, which cannot exceed 75% of the member's deposits and interest.

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS. Members are eligible to retire at age sixty (60) and above with five (5) or more years of service or with twenty-five (25) years of service regardless of age. A member is vested after five (5) years. The contribution rate for the employees is 6%, and the City matching percent is currently 2 to 1.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At the December 31, 2015 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	5
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	16
Active employees	<u>15</u>
· ·	36

C. Contributions

The contribution rates for employees in TMRS are either 5%, 6%, or 7% of employee gross earnings, and the City matching percentages are either 100%, 150%, or 200%, both as adopted by the governing body of the City. Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each city is determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Employees for the City of Rollingwood were required to contribute 6% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the City were 6.52% and 7.84% for calendar years 2015 and 2016 respectively. The City's contributions to TMRS for the year ended September 30, 2016 were \$70,030, and were equal to the required contributions.

D. Net Pension Liability

The City's Net Pension Liability was measured as of December 31, 2015, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

NOTE 7: RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

D. Net Pension Liability (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions:

The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 2.5% per year Overall Payroll Growth 3.0% per year

Investment Rate of Return 6.5%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members, retirees, and beneficiaries were based on the gender-distinct RP2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Tables with Blue Collar Adjustment, with male rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103%. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by scale BB to account for future mortality improvements. For disabled annuitants, the gender-distinct RP2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Tables with Blue Collar Adjustment are used with males rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103% with a 3-year set-forward for both males and females. In addition, a 3% minimum mortality rate is applied to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by scale BB to account for future mortality improvements subject to the 3% floor.

Actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2015, valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies. The experience study in TMRS was for the period December 31, 2010 through December 31, 2014. Healthy post-retirement mortality rates and annuity purchase rates were updated based on a Mortality Experience Investigation Study covering 2009 through 2011, and dated December 31, 2013. These assumptions were first used in the December 31, 2013 valuation, along with a change to the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. Assumptions are reviewed annually. No additional changes were made for the 2014 valuation. After the Asset Allocation Study analysis and experience investigation study, the Board amended the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments from 7% to 6.75%. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation as well as the production of income, in order to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs of TMRS.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. In determining their best estimate of a recommended investment return assumption under the various alternative asset allocation portfolios, GRS focused on the area between (1) arithmetic mean (aggressive) without an adjustment for time (conservative) and (2) the geometric mean (conservative) with an adjustment for time (aggressive). At its meeting on July 30, 2015, the TMRS Board approved a new portfolio target allocation.

NOTE 7: RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

D. <u>Net Pension Liability (Continued)</u>

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Long-Term
	Expected Real
Target	Rate of Return
<u>Allocation</u>	(Arithmetic)
17.5%	4.55%
17.5%	6.10%
10.0%	1.00%
20.0%	3.65%
10.0%	4.03%
10.0%	5.00%
10.0%	4.00%
5.0%	8.00%
100.0%	
	Allocation 17.5% 17.5% 10.0% 20.0% 10.0% 10.0% 10.0% 5.0%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.

NOTE 7: RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

D. Net Pension Liability (Continued)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Asset)

	Total Pension Liability (a)	Liability Net Position	
Balance at December 31, 2014	\$ 1,630,579	\$ 1,642,990	\$ (12,411)
Changes for the year:			
Service Cost	118,259	-	118,259
Interest	116,709	-	116,709
Change of Benefit Terms	-	-	-
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	14,654	-	14,654
Changes of Assumptions	58,535	-	58,535
Contributions - Employer	_	55,591	(55,591)
Contributions - Employee	_	51,158	(51,158)
Net Investment Income	=	2,425	(2,425)
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds		•	,
of Employee Contributions	(44,882)	(44,882)	-
Administrative Expense	-	(1,477)	1,477
Other Changes	<u></u>	(73)	73
Net Changes	263,275	62,742	200,533
Balance at December 31, 2015	\$ 1,893,854	\$ 1,705,732	\$ 188,122

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	1%	6 Decrease in			19	% Increase in
	Discount Rate (5.75%) Di		Discount Rate (6.75%)		Discount Rate (7.75%)	
City's Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	472,934	\$	188,122	\$	(43,854)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in a separately-issued TMRS financial report. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.tmrs.com.

NOTE 7: RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

E. <u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

For the year ended September 30, 2016, the City recognized pension expense of \$131,797.

At September 30, 2016, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	ed Outflows Resources	Deferred Of Reso	
Difference Between Expected and			
Actual Economic Experience	\$ _	\$	-
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions	-		-
Difference Between Projected and			
Actual Investment Earnings	53,067		-
Contributions Subsequent to the			
Measurement Date	 <u> 191,025</u>		
Total	\$ 244,092	\$	

\$53,067 as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ending September 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

2016	\$ 61,446
2017	61,446
2018	45,616
2019	22,517
2020	-
Thereafter	
Total	\$ 191,025

F. Supplementary Death Benefits Fund

The City also participates in the cost sharing multi-employer defined benefit group-term life insurance plan operated by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) known as the Supplemental Death Benefits Fund (SDBF). The City elected, by ordinance, to provide group-term life insurance coverage to both current and retired employees. The City may terminate coverage under and discontinue participation in the SDBF by adopting an ordinance before November 1 of any year to be effective the following January 1.

NOTE 8: HEALTH CARE COVERAGE

During the year ended September 30, 2016, employees of the City were covered by a health insurance plan (the Plan). The City contributed \$460 per month per employee to the Plan. Employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to pay contributions for dependents. The Plan was authorized by Article 3.51-2, Texas Insurance Code and was documented by contractual agreement.

The contract between the City and the third party administrator is renewable January 1, 2017, and terms of coverage and contribution costs are included in the contractual provisions.

NOTE 9: LONG-TERM DEBT

The City had a wastewater and transportation agreement with the Lower Colorado River Authority (LCRA) to provide wastewater treatment and disposal services in the Rollingwood services area. In July 2012 the City issued General Obligation Bonds Taxable Series 2012A, and General Obligation Bonds Series 2012B. The proceeds from the bonds were used to purchase the wastewater system from LCRA. In addition, in 2014, the City issued \$2,835,000 General Obligations Bonds, Series 2014 for water and street improvements.

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NOTE 9: LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

The City's debt consists of the following:

SERIES AND ORIGINAL ISSUE AMOUNT	BEGINNING BALANCE	INCREASES	DECREASES	ENDING BALANCE	DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES: General Obligation Bonds - Series 2014 Premium on Bonds	\$ 1,873,475 112,394	\$ - 	\$ (71,925) (6,245)	\$ 1,801,550 106,149	\$ 71,925
Total Governmental Activities Bonds	\$ 1,985,869	<u>\$</u> _	\$ (78,170)	\$ 1,907,699	\$ 71,925
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:					
General Obligation Bonds - Series 2012A General Obligation Bonds - Series 2012B	\$ 2,260,000 9,665,000	\$ -	\$ (255,000)	\$ 2,005,000 9,665,000	\$ 265,000
General Obligation Bonds - Series 2014	861,525		(33,075)	828,450	33,075
Total Bond Obligations	12,786,525	_	(288,075)	12,498,450	298,075
Premium on Bonds	200,244		(16,910)	183,334	
Total Business-Type Activities Bonds	\$ 12,986,769	\$ -	\$ (304,985)	\$ 12,681,784	\$ 298,075

Interest rates on bonds range from 2% to 4%.

Future maturities of the bonds are as follows:

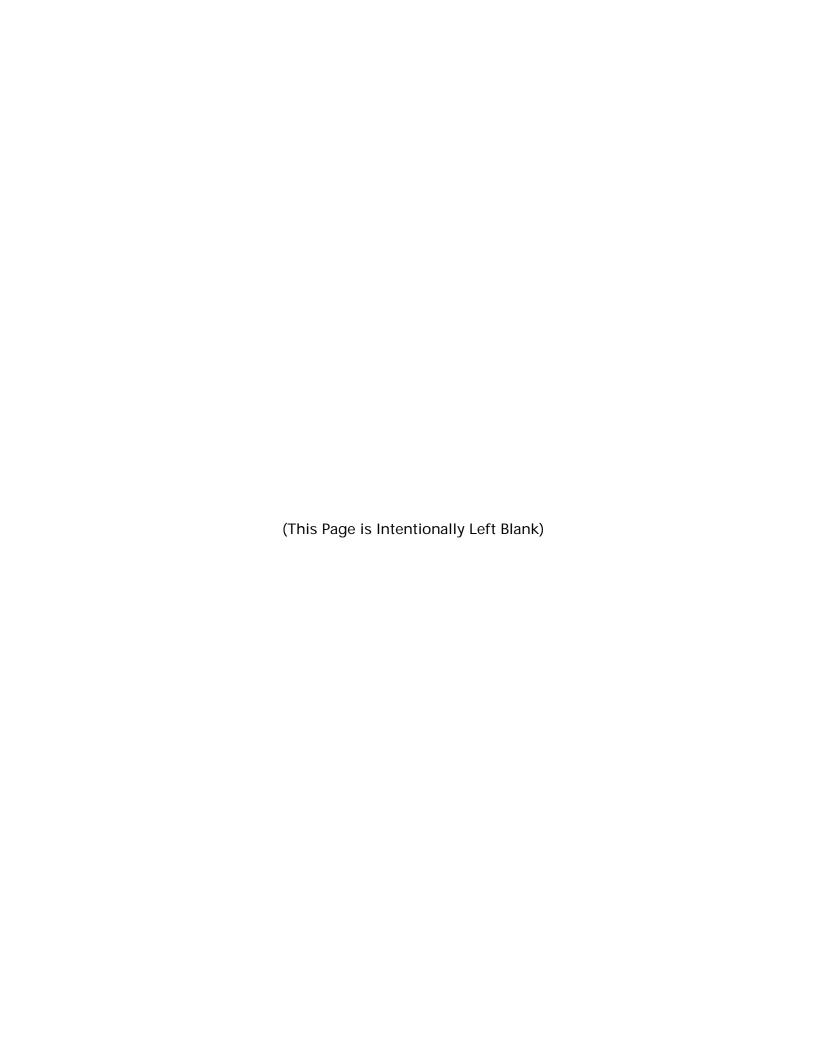
FISCAL		GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES				BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES				S																								
YEAR	PRINCI	PAL	IN	ITEREST	TOTAL		TOTAL		TOTAL		TOTAL		TOTAL		TOTAL		TOTAL		TOTAL		TOTAL		TOTAL		TOTAL		TOTAL			PRINCIPAL		NTEREST		TOTAL
2017	\$ 71	,925	\$	61,924	\$	133,849	\$	298,075	\$	428,446	\$	726,521																						
2018	75	,350		59,766		135,116		304,650		419,504		724,154																						
2019	78	3,775		57,506		136,281		316,225		410,364		726,589																						
2020	82	2,200		54,355		136,555		327,800		400,515		728,315																						
2021	85	,625		51,067		136,692		334,375		393,203		727,578																						
2022-2026	479	,500		204,130		683,630		1,765,500		1,826,090		3,591,590																						
2027-2031	548	3,000		123,694		671,694		2,017,000		1,549,431		3,566,431																						
2032-2036	380),175		26,852		407,027		2,254,825		1,209,698		3,464,523																						
2037-2041		-		-		-		2,525,000		782,000		3,307,000																						
2042-2046								2,355,000		239,200		2,594,200																						
	\$ 1,801	,550	\$	639,294	\$	2,440,844	\$	12,498,450	\$	7,658,451	\$	20,156,901																						

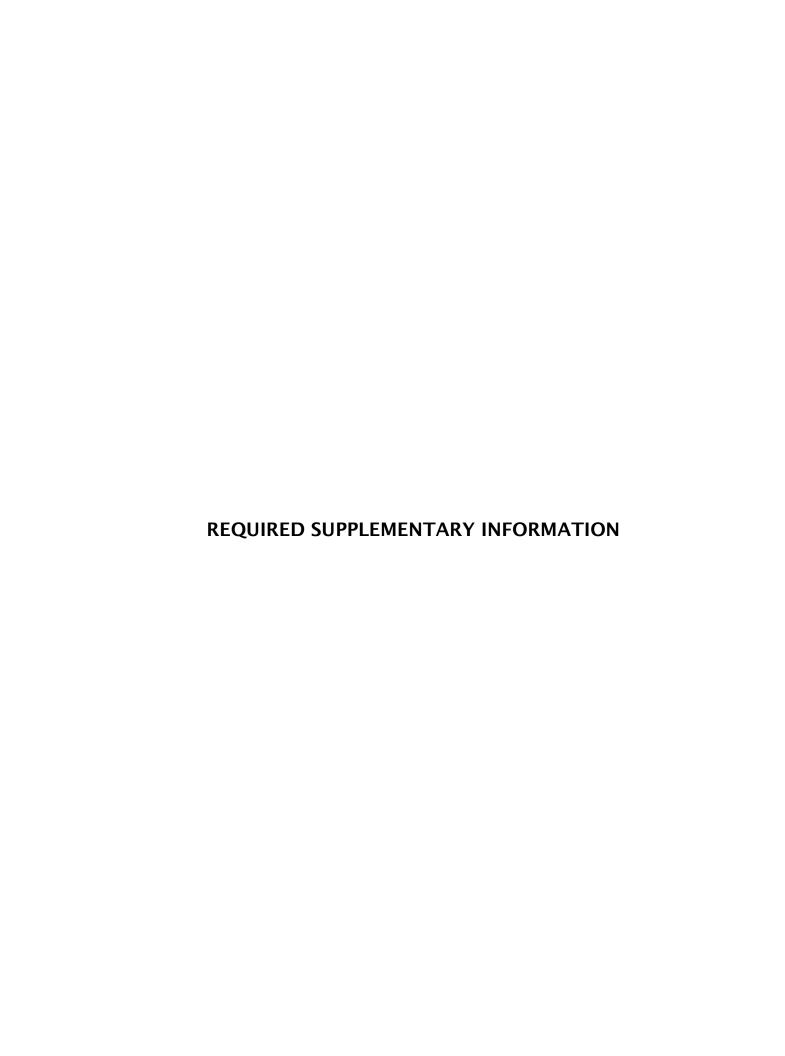
NOTE 10: RISK MANAGEMENT

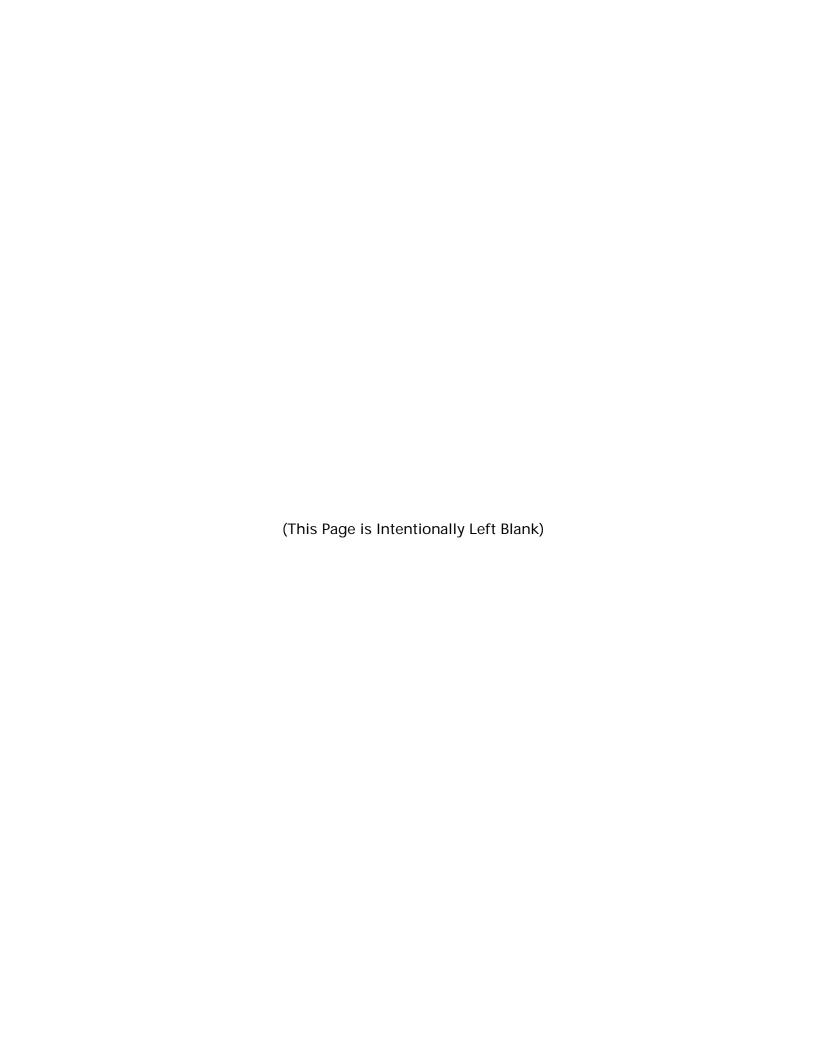
The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage or destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2016, the City obtained general liability coverage at a cost that is considered to be economically justifiable by joining together with other governmental entities in the State as a member of the Texas Municipal League Intergovernmental Risk Pool ("TML"). TML is a self-funded pool operating as a common risk management and insurance program. The City pays an annual premium to TML for its above insurance coverage. The agreement for the formation of TML provides that TML will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for claims in excess of acceptable risk levels; however, each category of coverage has its own level of reinsurance. The City continues to carry commercial insurance for other risks of loss. There were no significant reductions in commercial insurance coverage in the past fiscal year and settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 11: NET POSITION DEFICIT

The wastewater fund has a cumulative net position deficit of \$315,477. Management intends to transfer funds from the general fund to address the deficit.







CITY OF ROLLINGWOOD, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	BUDGET	AMOUNTS	2016	VARIANCE WITH	
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	FINAL BUDGET	
REVENUES					
Taxes:					
Property Taxes	\$ 771,256	\$ 771,256	\$ 779,729	\$ 8,473	
Sales Taxes	445,000	449,890	446,772	(3,118)	
Franchise and Telecommunications Fees	181,240	187,275	178,550	(8,725)	
Licenses and Fees	106,140	107,300	194,439	87,139	
Fines and Forfeitures	44,960	74,850	57,464	(17,386)	
Contributions	190,500	123,220	103,440	(19,780)	
Other Income	24,780	30,590	23,330	(7,260)	
Interest	130	130	1,017	887	
Total Revenues	1,764,006	1,744,511	1,784,741	40,230	
EXPENDITURES					
General Government	655,260	619,720	627,361	(7,641)	
Public Works	33,330	19,590	27,752	(8,162)	
Sanitation	122,400	123,610	121,689	1,921	
Public Safety	783,865	836,498	785,466	51,032	
Court	102,650	93,190	104,792	(11,602)	
Parks and Recreation	41,160	42,490	78,588	(36,098)	
Streets	67,070	77,490	69,099	8,391	
Capital Projects	136,200	105,840	67,705	38,135	
Total Expenditures	1,941,935	1,918,428	1,882,452	35,976	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (Under) Expenditures	(177,929)	(173,917)	(97,711)	76,206	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers In	67,070	68,570	68,570	-	
Transfers Out		(100,000)	(100,000)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	67,070	(31,430)	(31,430)		
Net Change in Fund Balances	(110,859)	(205,347)	(129,141)	- 76,206	
Total Fund Balance-Beginning of Year, as restated	1,182,533	1,182,533	1,182,533		
Total Fund Balance-End of Year	\$ 1,071,674	\$ 977,186	\$ 1,053,392	\$ 76,206	

CITY OF ROLLINGWOOD, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) AND RELATED RATIOS *LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

	2015	2014
Total Pension Liability (Asset)		
Service Cost Interest on the Total Pension Liability (Asset) Changes of Benefit Terms	\$ 118,259 116,709	\$ 96,840 100,421
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience Change of Assumptions Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions	14,654 58,535 (44,882)	67,358 - (40,399)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability (Asset)	263,275	224,220
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	1,630,579	1,406,359
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$ 1,893,854	\$ 1,630,579
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		
Contributions - Employer Contributions - Employee Net Investment Income Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions Administrative Expense Other	\$ 55,591 51,158 2,425 (44,882) (1,477) (73)	\$ 39,464 48,923 86,366 (40,399) (902) (75)
Net Change in Plan Fiducidary Net Position	62,742	133,377
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	1,642,990	1,509,612
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	1,705,732	1,642,989
Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a) - (b)	\$ 188,122	\$ (12,410)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability (Asset)	90.07%	100.76%
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 852,625	\$ 815,386
Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Total Covered Employee Payroll	22.06%	-1.52%

^{*}GASB 68 requires 10 fiscal years of data to be provided in this schedule. This is the second year of implementation of GASB 68. The City will develop the schedule prospectively.

CITY OF ROLLINGWOOD, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS *LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

	2016	2015
Actuarially Determined Contributions	\$ 70,030	\$ 49,439
Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contributions	<u>70,030</u>	49,439
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$</u>	<u> </u>
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 852,625	<u>\$ 815,383</u>
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	8.21%	6.06%

^{*}GASB 68 requires 10 fiscal years of data to be provided in this schedule. This is the second year of implementation of GASB 68. The City will develop the schedule prospectively.

CITY OF ROLLINGWOOD, TEXAS NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

NOTE 1: BUDGETARY INFORMATION

The budget for the general fund is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

The original budget for the general fund is adopted by the City Council by September 30. Budgetary preparation and control is exercised at the department level. Both the original and final budget is included.

NOTE 2: SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Valuation Date:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 and become effective in January, 13 months later.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed

Remaining Amortization Period 28 Years

Asset Valuation Method 10 Year Smoothed Market, 15% Soft Corridor

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases 3.5% to 10.50% Including Inflation

Investment Rate of Return 6.75%

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that are

specific to the City's plan of benefits. Last updated for the 2015 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2010-2014.

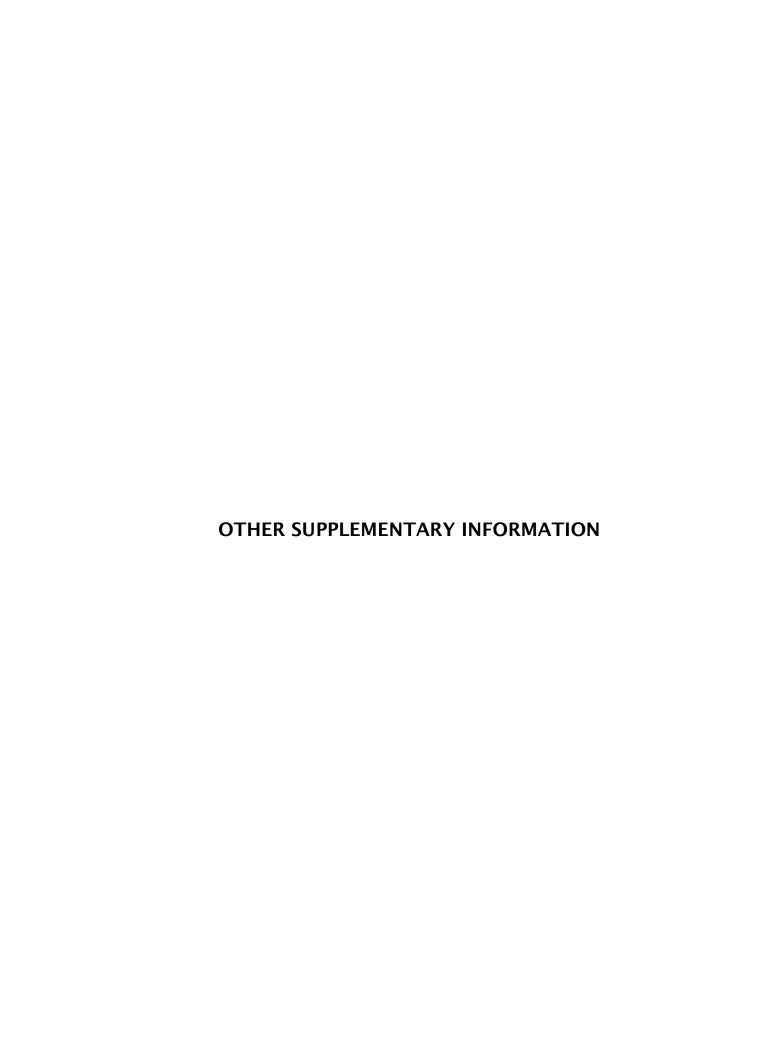
Mortality RP2000 Combined Mortality Table with Blue

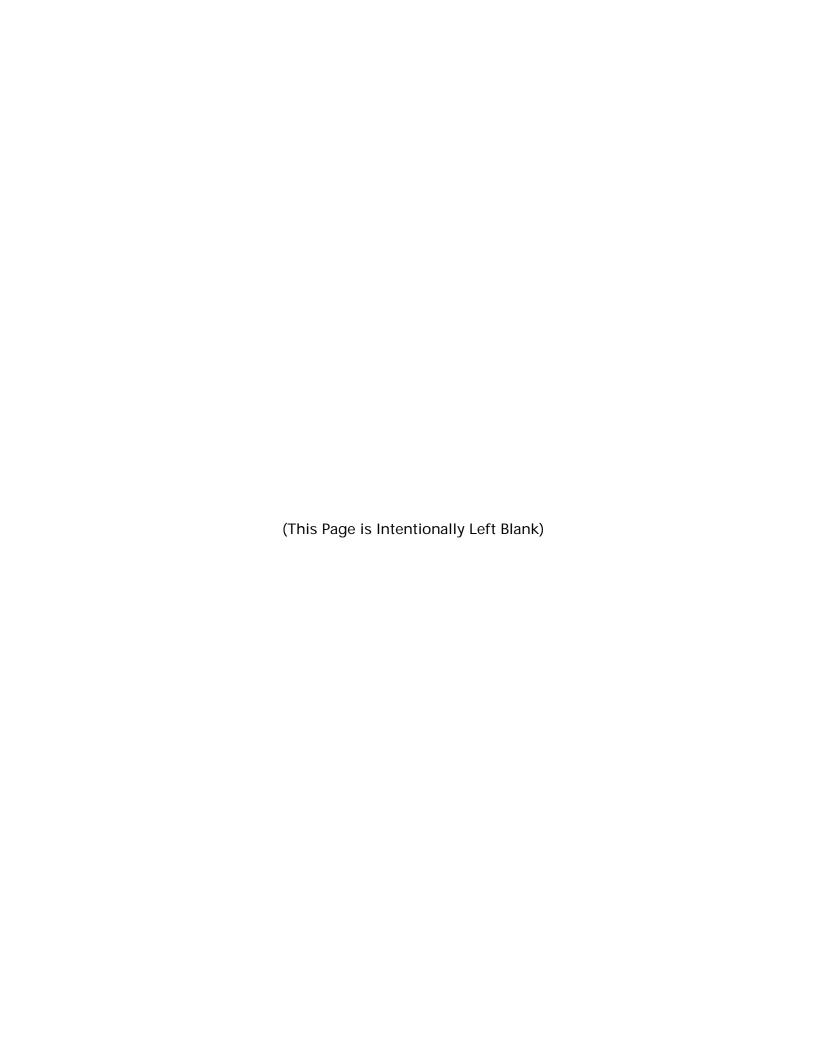
Collar Adjustment with male rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103% and projected on a fully generational basis

with scale BB.

Other Information:

There were no benefit changes during the year.





CITY OF ROLLINGWOOD, TEXAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS								Special				
	Street		Court	Court		(Court	Drainage		Police	Revenue Funds		
	Ma	intenance	Security	Te	chnology	Eff	iciency	Fund	Forfeiture			Total	
<u>ASSETS</u>													
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	37,159	\$ 12,728	\$	5,592	\$	114	\$ -	\$	32,651	\$	88,244	
Due from Other Funds		3,376	-		-		-	-		-		3,376	
Sales Tax Receivable		9,386										9,386	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	49,921	\$ 12,728	\$	5,592	\$	114	\$ -	\$	32,651	\$	101,006	
<u>LIABILITIES</u>													
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$ -	\$	392	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	392	
Due to Other Funds		-	-		-		-	3,376		-		3,376	
Unearned Revenue							<u> </u>			32,003		32,003	
Total Liabilities		_			392			3,376		32,003		35,771	
FUND BALANCES													
Reserved for Street Maintenance		49,921	-		-		-	-		-		49,921	
Reserved for Municipal Court		-	12,728		5,200		114	-		-		18,042	
Reserved for Drainage Projects		-	-		-		-	(3,376)		-		(3,376)	
Reserved for Police Department							<u> </u>			648		648	
Total Fund Balances		49,921	12,728		5,200		114	(3,376)		648		65,235	
TOTAL LIABILITIES													
AND FUND BALANCES	\$	49,921	\$ 12,728	\$	5,592	\$	114	\$ -	\$	32,651	\$	101,006	

CITY OF ROLLINGWOOD, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

		Special					
	Street	Court	Court	Court	Drainage	Police	Revenue Funds
	Maintenance	Security	Technology	Efficiency	Fund	Forfeiture	Total
REVENUES							
Sales Tax	\$ 110,003	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 110,003
Fees	<u>-</u> _	1,902	2,549				4,451
TOTAL REVENUES	110,003	1,902	2,549				114,454
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>							
Public Safety	-	-	1,834	-	-	-	1,834
Streets	-	-	-	-	3,376		3,376
Capital Outlay		4,495					4,495
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		4,495	1,834		3,376		9,705
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES							
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	110,003	(2,593)	715	-	(3,376)	-	104,749
TRANSFERS							
Transfers In	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers Out	(68,570)						(68,570)
TOTAL TRANSFERS	(68,570)						(68,570)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	41,433	(2,593)	715	-	(3,376)	-	36,179
TOTAL FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	8,488	15,321	4,485	114		648	29,056
TOTAL FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 49,921	\$ 12,728	\$ 5,200	\$ 114	\$ (3,376)	\$ 648	\$ 65,235

CITY OF ROLLINGWOOD, TEXAS BALANCE SHEET COMPONENT UNIT SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

ROLLINGWOOD COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

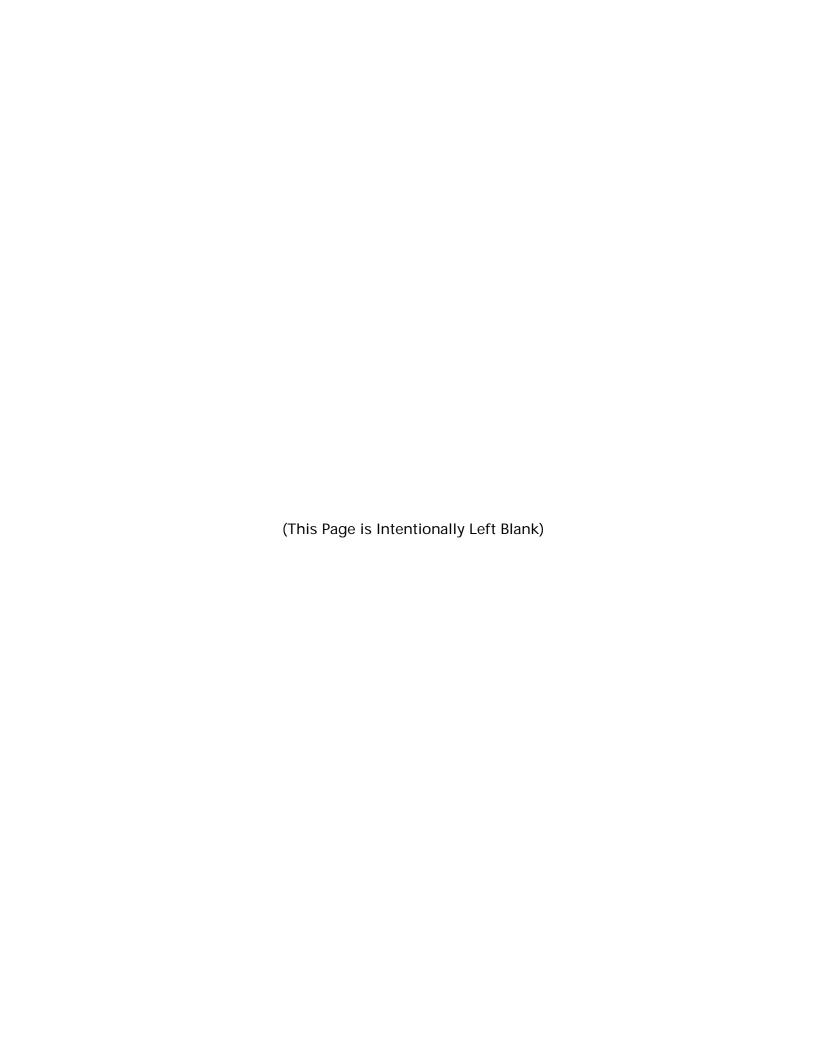
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Accounts Receivable - Sales Taxes TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 210,055
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable to Other Governments TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u>\$ -</u> -
NET POSITION Unrestricted Net Position TOTAL NET POSITION	<u>219,529</u> <u>219,529</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$ 219,529

CITY OF ROLLINGWOOD, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION COMPONENT UNIT FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

ROLLINGWOOD COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

REVENUES	
Sales Taxes	\$ 109,973
Interest	 352
TOTAL REVENUES	 110,325
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>	
Current:	
Contributions to the City	103,400
Administration	 3,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 106,400
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	3,925
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR	 215,604
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 219,529







INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Members of the City Council City of Rollingwood, Texas 403 Nixon Drive Rollingwood, Texas

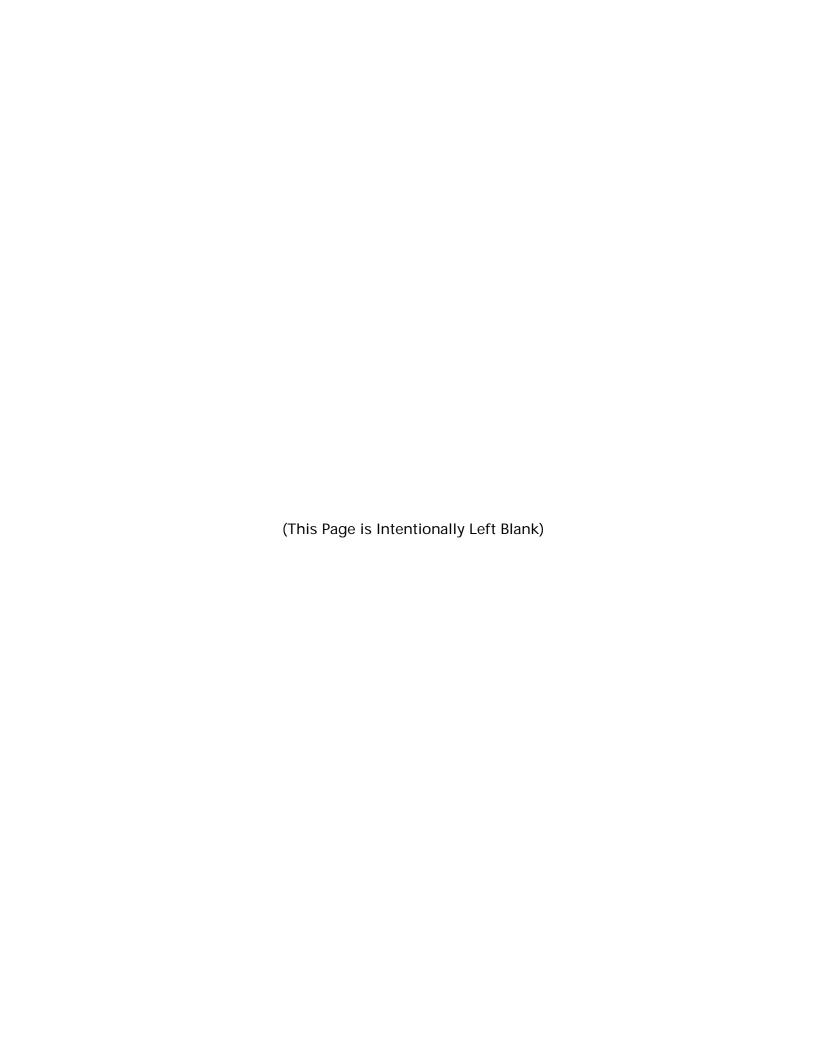
We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Rollingwood, Texas, (the City) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Rollingwood, Texas' basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 18, 2017.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

ABIP, PC

Certified Public Accountants San Antonio, Texas

January 18, 2017